# KILN SHELL REPLACEMENT EXCUTED BYTASLUJA CEMENT COMPANY PROJECT FROM(TCC)

#### PREPAIRED BY:

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#### > Abstract:

The advantage of shell replacement in the cement plants are discuss. Shell replacement, as part of as schedule shutdown, can increases uptime and reduce equipment, maintenance, andpower costs. Experience field personal are the key to the correct installation of new shell section and to maintaining the repair schedule also continuing to operate a kiln with damage generally results excessive unscheduled shell downtime increase refractorycostsandcouldleadtoacompletelyfailureofthes hell. There is also the potential to injure site personal and cause collateral damage to surrounding equipment. If a damaged shell sectionisnotreplacement in the time, acatastrophicfailureagain the way to avoid issues is to replace damaged shell section in an orderly, plannedway.

#### **➤** Causes for Kiln Shell Section Replacement:

There many causes for kiln shell damage including loss electrical power, process problem, drive and support system failure and missing refractory /hot spots. An unscheduled outage to a power or equipment failure can cause significant damage to a kiln shell. Extreme shell temperature differentials can bow the shell to the point of lifting the tires off the rollers .the will leadto a reduction in the life of the refractory and to further ongoing maintenance and process issue. The distractive cycle of shell damage causing refractory failure and refractory failure causing more shell damage must be avoided also this following at below causing kiln shell damage:

- 1-Over- high output increasing the wear of rotary kiln mouth shell, and causes the overheat deformation of the kilnshell.
- 2- The heat flow is too large but the cooling zone is short or even no. the working environment of the kiln mouth is bad, the temperature of the outlet material is 1300-1400C<sup>0</sup>, and the secondary air temperature is1000-2000C<sup>0</sup>.

- 3-The cylinder temperature is too high, the thermal expansion islarge, while the strength of the high temperature resistance material is seriously attenuated.
- 4- The guard bolts at kiln mouth are loosen, so that the refractory materials fall off, and thus the shell isburnt.
- 5-Improper handling during burning contaminated soil causes server corrosion of the cylindershell.
- 6-The corrosion of the sulfur, phosphoric and chlorine on the kiln shell reduces the thickness and strength of the kiln cylinder, also reduces the plasticity of the steel and increase the brittleness of the steel, which may lead to brittle failure of the kilncylinder.
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# ➤ Monitoring the conditions of a kiln shell for avoiding damage:

There are a number of a plant use a monitoring condition of a kiln shell. The typical kiln shell inspection technique include the flowing:

- 1- Visual check for the (kiln shell, migration, support roller, roller sur face, tier face, pad, pad support, clamping ring and inlet-outlet seal withlubrications).
- 2- Ovalitymeasurements.
- 3- Temperature measurements (thermographic cameraand barometer).
- 4- Runout (polarcharts).
- 5- Thickness shell measuring and tier (using ultrasonic and thickness gaugetester)

An operating and maintenance routing that includes these inspections will prevent catastrophic failure and minimize unplanned shutdowns.

## > Preparation Equipment and Tool:

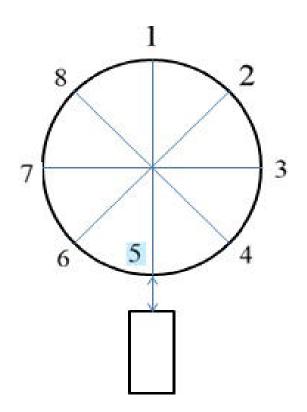
- 1- Safety engineer and PPE with safetyEquipment.
- 2- New shell section, should be same specification and detail.
- 3- Full Automatic cutting torch machine.
- 4- Submerged Arc weldingmachine.
- 5- Arc welding machine.
- 6- Hydraulic jack system.
- 7- Hydraulic Manual jack.
- 8- Gauging machine.
- 9- Crane truck 200ton.
- 10-Special clamping for allayment.
- 11- Iron markerpen.
- 12- Colum support.
- 13-Grinding machine.
- 14- Preheatingburner.
- 15- Special bracket and bolt with spanner.

- 16- Scaffolding and stairrunway.
- 17- Basketcrane.
- 18- Auxiliary gear motor for kilnrotation.
- 19-Generator for electric source for kiln rotation.
- 20-Spider support for the kiln shellinside.
- 21- Support beams under each tier.
- 22-Ruler iron for the guide.
- 23- Special Welding inspector

#### **≻** (Work Procedure)

# 5-1: Take the Runout Measurement for the Old Kiln Sell

- 1- The old section before marking and cutting should take runout for it.
- 2- This section need to change should be Indicatethe location of cuttingshell.
- 3- Marking 8 points on circumference of shell in bothsides and rotate the kiln also in each point should be stope rotation of kiln to take themeasurement.



#### Kiln run out before cutting point girth gear inlet side outlet side 1 9.6 cm 9.6 cm 9.3 cm 2 9.7 cm 10.3 cm 9.6 cm 3 9.8 cm 9.8 cm 10.2 cm 10.4 cm 11.1 cm 4 9 cm 9.4 cm 5 10.6 cm 9.5 cm 6 9.6 cm 10.3 cm 9.7 cm 7 9.7 cm 10.7 cm 11.2 cm 10.7 cm 8 9.2 cm 9.6 cm

#### 5-2: Prepare Foundation for the Old Kiln Shell

- 1-Isolate the area for work by the safety tap and isolate electrical equipment.
- 2-The section shell replacement was (9.40 m) and the thickness was(25mm).
- 3- Make the support Columns under each pair, andunder the section replacement for bothside.
- 4- Make the spider support inside the old shellreplacement before cutting for bothside.
- 5- The support under tier No.1&3 on the hydraulicjack.





















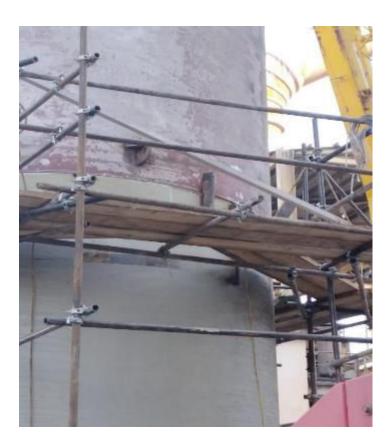


#### 5-3: Prepare New Section Shell

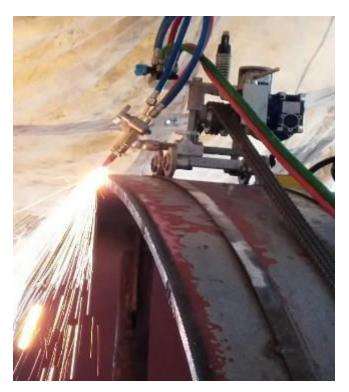
- 1-Isolate the area for work by safety tap with PPE and hardness.
- 2-Prepare the new kilnshell and same dimension with the old sectionshell.
- 3-Installation the new section on the iron steelfoundation, to work on itsafely
- 4-New section need chamfering by the Automatic cutting torch.
- 5-The new kiln shell two sections, should bedoing chamfer for both edges from each side ofthem.
- 6-Both section shells need to erect clamp on the cylindrical shell around the joint, for both sections to lifting it by the truck crane 100 ton, also for welding andalignment.
- 7-Install the special clamp, with the some rectangular steel plate for alignment the both sections before welding.
- 8-After the alignment completely finish, start the welding.

9-Both new kiln shell sections, welding needtwo-step, first by the Arc welding electrode size (E7018-G-H4R), and the second step by the electrode size 1/7018-G and both of them need to preheat for the electrode.

10- Each step for the alignment and welding need to the special welding inspector to inspect.



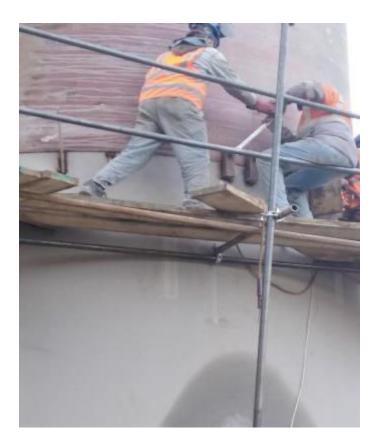






















#### 5-4: Shell Removal

- 1-Isolate the area for work by safety tap with PPE and hardness also scaffolding and isolate maindrive.
- 2-Indicate the location of cuttingshell
- 3-New shell dimension is (L=940 cm, D=420 cm, t=25mm
- 4-Install the iron marker pen (H.S.S tool) on the support and rotate the kiln to marking the cutting sections around the kiln shellcylinder.
- 5-Install 4 stud with double bracket for kiln downward. 6-Erect the I-beam frame under tier No.3, likethestopper for kiln downward.
- 7-Make the spider support inside the kiln section for both side.
- 8-Install the scaffolding for both side kiln shell sections. 9-Make and install the guide way for the Automatic cutting torch for both side kiln shell.
- 10-Erect hydraulic jack under tier No.2&3 for rising up kiln shell before start cutting shell.
- 11-After cutting kiln shell, install the manual hydraulic jack inside kiln between removal section and unremoved shell from down hell (from tier No.2)side.

- 12-Push the kiln shell 10cm to downward by the hydraulic manual under pressure 400bar.
- 13-Remove the cutting section by the cranetruck 200 ton, divide the length shell 9.40m/3=3.31 should be fix the steel wire on the kiln cylinder to be in the equilibrium for rising andmovement.
  - 14-When the steel wire from the crane fix around the cylinder shell, should disconnect the stud bold to remove the kiln shellsection.

























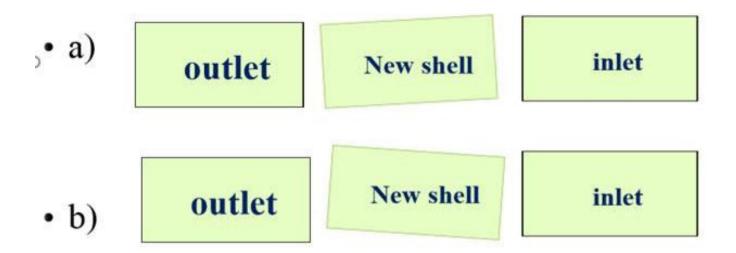




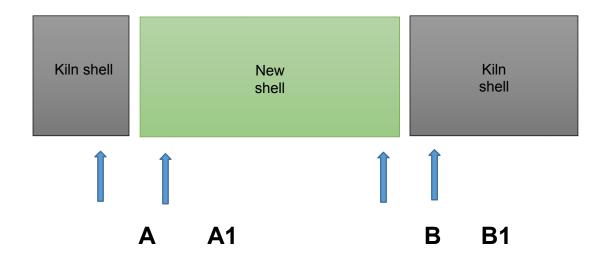
#### 5-5: Shell Installation and Alignment

- 1-Isolate the area for work by safety tap with PPEand hardness also scaffolding and isolate maindrive.
- 2-The kiln shell should make chamfer edges for both side due to the new shell have the chamfer adage and important for welding because of for welding with new kiln section need V shape forwelding.
- 3-When the connect for the kiln shell sections finish, need 2 crane truck first one 50 ton and second 200 ton, for make newkilnshell lay down straight on the support.
- 4-Rise up the new shell by the crane truck 200 ton, divide the length shell 9.40m/3=3.31 should be fix the steel wire on the kiln cylinder to be in the equilibrium for rising andmovement.
- 5-When the new shell rising up by the crane 200 ton and put on the Colum tostabile.
- 6-Inside kiln install 8 stud for bothsides
- 7-Make the kiln upward 10cm by the hydraulic manual jack.
- 8-Fix the kiln shell from the 8 stud and install thespecial clamp foralignment.

- 9- The edges from kiln shell and new shell section should be doing cleaning and grinding due to need smooth edges forwelding.
- 10- Start the alignment from the axial (top view), and radial alignment (frontview).



- 11- When the alignment finish and the welderspecialist check the alignment.
- 12- After alignment finish take runout from both sides and decide on the runout measurements and accept it on thereading

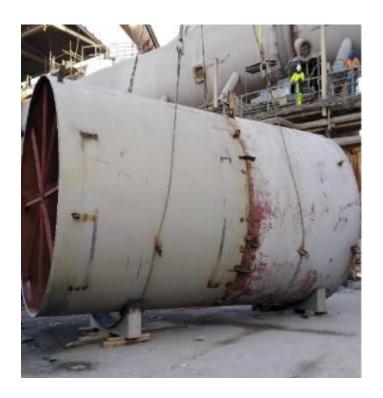


Kiln run out before cutting							
point	A	A1	В	Bi	G		
1	7.7	10.7	10.3	9	8.9		
T	7.8	11	10.1	9	8.4		
2	7.7	10.8	9.5	8.9	9		
Z	7.8	10.6	9.6	9	9		
3	7.8	10.9	9.7	8.8	9		
3	7.6	10.7	10.1	9	9		
4	7.4	10.8	10	8.9	9		
4	7.2	10.4	9.7	9.1	8.9		
5	6.9	10	9.5	9	9.1		
5	7.9	10	9.4	8.3	8.9		
6	7.3	10.3	10	8.3	8.8		
6	7.9	10.8	9.7	8.8	9		
7	8	11	9	8.8	8.9		
7	7.5	11.5	8.7	8.3	8.8		
8	7.7	10.6	9.5	8	8.7		
8	7.8	11.5	10.2	8.6	8.5		

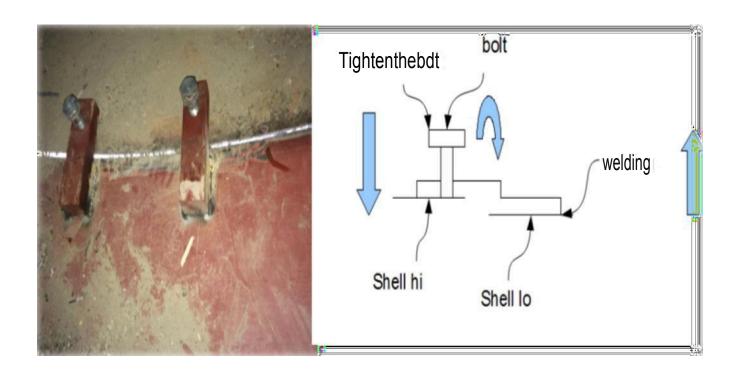
- 13- Start the welding on the both joint at the kiln outside. 14-The first step starting by the Arcwelding.
- 15-When the arc welding finish the inspector welder check the quality of thewelding.
- 16-After the arc welding finish at the kiln outside, start the second step welding is submerge arc welding(SAW) it is the Automatic welding, and need to kiln rotation at the specific fix speed depended on the SAW machine.
- 17- The SAW for each joint need 3 rotation welding with preheating and cleaning for starting until finish 3 rotation.

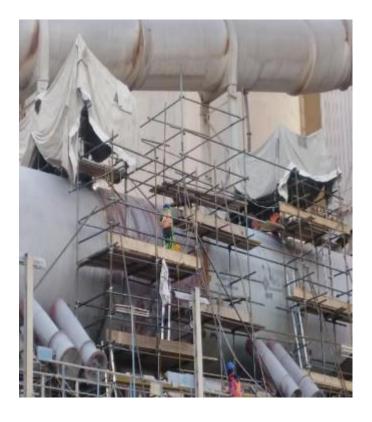
























#### 5-6: Arc Gauging Welding and Altera Sound Test

- 1-Isolate the area for work by safety tap with PPEand hardness also scaffolding and isolate maindrive.
- 2-After the outside welding finish need to remove the spider support with stud inside the kiln from bothside.
- 3-The joint between shell sections after removing the support, need to clean by the grinding machine and need to smooth thejoint.
- 4-The joint between the new shell andkilnshell inside need to make V-shape for welding on the edge's, by the Arc gauging machine, this process names gauging for theshell.
- 5-After the gauging finish for both joint, start the Arc welding to penetrate on the V-shape.
- 6-The Arc welding shouldn't higher than the shell section joint, due to not effect on thebrick.
- 7-After the welding finish inside the kiln, need to Altera sound test for the welding for any problem on the welding joint.

